

# Partnership for Biodiversity Protection in Viticulture in Europe

Biodiversity Check for Vine Growers

Interview Guide















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#### **Preliminary note**

- This questionnaire provides a reliable <u>guideline</u> for individual training with vinegrowers. Various references were consulted for compiling this questionnaire. They include the criteria of farming associations, studies of biodiversity in vineyards, criteria of resource efficiency in viticulture and the "Biodiversity Check for Enterprises" of the Global Nature Fund and the Lake Constance Foundation.
- 2. In our terms "biodiversity" means
  - the variety of animal and plant species and other organisms
  - the <u>variety of habitats</u> and ecosystems and
  - genetic variability, including diversity of species, varieties and breeds cultivated or raised

This approach thus includes the conservation of species and habitats and also effects caused for example by global warming and aerial nitrification or intensive farming. Effects of human activities influence biodiversity in many ways and not solely by direct impacts. Thus, we need to consider direct as well as indirect factors to stop biodiversity loss.

3. This training material serves to educate vine-growers regarding the effects of their business on biodiversity. The vine-grower will get an overview of the status of biodiversity performance on the farm. Based on this, trainee and trainer will develop an "Individual Biodiversity Training Concept" with measures for biodiversity protection on the farms.



To assess structures in the vineyards recent aerial pictures of agricultural parcels are very useful.



Contact data				
Na	me of company:	Contact person:		
Ad	dress:	Role in the company:		
Ph	one:	E-mail:		
D	usiness data			
D	usiness uala			
1.	Your business is:			
	☐ Professional winery ☐ Sideline or he	obby winery		
2	Number of staff working on the winery/fari			
Э.	How many hectares of agricultural land do	des your famil cover.		
	In total? <u>ha</u>			
	Agricultural land?ha			
4.	Which production focuses do you have?			
	☐ Viticulture ha ☐ Other; please specify:			
	ha	ha		
	ha	ha		
5.	i. Amount of own or leased land (% or ha)			
6.	. What is your production concept?			
	□ Conventional □ Integrated	□ Organic		
7.	Do you cultivate your vineyards along a st	andard or label?		
	□ No □ Yes, which one?			
8.	Do your clients impose specific demands Peter Riegel) □ No □ Yes, which or	for biodiversity management? (e.g. Delinat,		



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9.	. Do you process grapes from other farms? How many in %? Where do these grapes originate from?			
10	. What developments do you intend for your compaconstant, more in terms of area and/or quantity)	any in the coming years? (less,		
*	General features			
1.	Altitude:	_ a.s.l.		
2.	Average annual rainfall:	_ mm		
3.	Steep slopes:	%		
4.	Types of soils:	_		
A.	Other income			
	Holiday accommodation - Guest/nights per year? _			
	Catering/Restaurant			
	Farm market/Shop			
	Oenotourism/Ecotourism			



## Part 1: Biodiversity within the management

- 1. Is biodiversity an important environmental and/or business aspect in your business?
- 2. Do you implement any environmental management system (EMAS, ISO 14001)? If yes, which biodiversity indicators do you report?
- 3. Do you set biodiversity goals in your annual management plan?
- 4. Do you identify possible negative effects of your activities on biodiversity? Do you take actions to prevent or minimise negative effects?
- 5. Which opportunities and risks do you see in the context of biodiversity loss?
- 6. Do you check possible effects of your service providers and suppliers on biodiversity?
- 7. What information/support/tools do you need to improve your biodiversity management? e.g. flyers, technical guides/sheets, guides for identification



## Part 2: Cultivation and production process in the vineyard



## Vineyard cultivation/types of grape

1.	How many grape varieties do you cultivate?
	Please indicate the major varieties and their levels (ha or %):
2.	Do you cultivate traditional or rare grape varieties or do you intend to?
	Local/traditional (typical in region for a long time):
	Rare (barely cultivated elsewhere):
3.	Do you cultivate fungi-resistant varieties (PIWIs) (ha)?
4.	Distribution of agricultural plots in the landscape:
	Number of plots
	Smallest plot ha Biggest plot ha
	Average size ha
5.	How much grapes do you harvest per hectare?
6.	How many hectolitres do you produce with this yield?
7.	What materials do you use for espaliers (wooden poles, steel)?
8.	Do you get subsidies from agro-environmental-programmes (AEPs)? If yes, which areas measures and for how long?





## Ground cover of vineyards

Please explain ground cover management in your vineyards:						
	a.) Ve	getation				
	□ No	ground cover	_ ha			
	□ Sp	ontaneous	_ ha			
	□ So	wed	_ ha			
	If seeded, what seeds/seed mixtures do you use? Only functional (e.g. gras legumes) or with biodiversity aspects (e.g. flowers, herbs)?					
	*	If seeded, do you use annual or	perennial seed mixtures?			
	*	If spontaneous, do you know ho has?	w many different plant species your ground cover			
		If yes, please describe the most	frequent species:			
	b). Duration					
	□ Permanent ha					
	□ Se	asonal	ha - how many months a year?			
	c). Area within the vineyard with ground cover					
	□ Total					
	□ Partial					
	If partial, please describe if it is every second row, every third row etc:					
2.	Do yo	u use reseeding as a measure to	enhance biodiversity in the ground cover?			
3.	How o	do you manage the spaces underr	neath the vine rows?			
1	Does	the headland have ground covera	ne? Natural vegetation or seed mixtures?			



5.	Explain treatment of the ground cover over the year:
	<ul><li>☐ Mulching</li><li>☐ Cutting/mowing</li><li>☐ Rolling</li></ul>
	Is the treatment carried out in every row or in every second row?
	How often is the ground cover treated?
6.	Do you consider the phenology of the ground cover (need of blooming and seed formation, to allow the spread of their seeds), before deciding to cut it?
7.	What is the height of the ground cover after you worked on it?
8.	Do you perform the management of the ground cover on cloudy/rainy days, early in the morning or late in the afternoon to reduce the negative impact on fauna?
9.	Do you use any further action to enhance the presence of the ground cover?
1(	0. Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?
4	Tillage
1.	What kind of tillage do you apply? (only superficial loosening, ploughed/breaking (turn over or not turn over))
2.	When and how many times?
3.	Is the soil tilled between October and March?
4.	Over the year, how many times do you have to enter the vineyards with the tractors, including all treatments (tillage, plant protection, fertilisation, etc)?
5.	Have techniques been used to improve or maintain soil structure and to avoid soil compaction?
6.	Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?



## \*

## Fertilisation management

1.	What kind of fertilisers do you use?
	Organic fertiliser and/or compost Commercial organic manures Mineral fertiliser and/or calcium carbonate
2.	How much kg N/ha is manured to the plants per year?
3.	How much kg N/ha has been manured to the plants in the last three years (in total)?
4.	When are the vineyards fertilised?
5.	How do you identify the fertiliser requirement of the plants?
6.	Do you apply additional fertiliser treatments for leafs and plant strengthening?
7.	How often do you carry out soil analyses?
8.	Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?
*	Pest and disease management
Pe	sticide/plant protecting agents
1.	Please identify the main pests/diseases present in your vineyard:
2.	What measures do you carry out in the following categories?
Pre	evention (e.g. varieties, location of vineyard, enough space between rows):



Observation and monitoring (e.g. pheromone traps):								
Inte	rvention:							
		Active ingredient	Times of application	kg/ha	How often?			
F	lerbicides							
Fungicides								
Insecticides								
	Others							
3.	What is the a	average amount of copper?		kg/ha	l			
4.	What is the average amount of sulphur? kg/ha							
5.	How do you minimise the influence of your treatments to neighbouring crops or protected areas? (demarcation, hedge, buffer strips etc.)							
6.	6. Do you use bacteria preparations according to Annex II EU-DVO 889/2008?							
7.	7. How do you combat mice and other rodents?							



8. Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?

## Part 3: Ecological infrastructures in the vineyard, ecological compensation areas

Aim: as many ecological infrastructures as possible in all vineyards. The foundation for this part of the questionnaire are aerial pictures of agricultural parcels.

1.	Do you possess areas or patches not used for agriculture/vine-growing?		
	What is the amount of such areas on your property/far	rm?	
2.	How is the arrangement of these areas within the vine parcels/only some parcels have ecological structures of		
3.	. What natural structural elements exist on the farm? If you have numbers please quanti		
	☐ Slope, balk, embankments with natural vegetation	☐ Forest edges	
	☐ Flower stripes	☐ Tree line, avenue	
	□ Fallow land	☐ Single trees	
	☐ Hedges, bushes and copses	☐ Cottage in the vineyard	
	☐ Dry wall/stone wall/clearance cairn	☐ Water elements (ravine,	
	☐ Earth road or grass road	stream, ditch)	
	□ Others:	☐ Riparian galleries	
4.	Do you have any extensively managed areas?		
	☐ Farmland with conservation management agreeme	ents (marsh areas) ha	
	☐ Field and grassland without fertilisation and pest m	anagement ha	
	☐ Rotational set-aside and fallow land sown with wild	flowers and herbs ha	
	☐ Ruderal areas	ha	
	□ Meadow orchard	ha	
	☐ Grassland with maximum two grass cuts yearly	ha	
	☐ Unmanaged, edges or strips not used for grazing	ha	
	□ Others: ha		



5.	Is part of your farmed land set-aside area? ha
	If yes, how do you manage these areas, if at all (e.g. mowing once a year to prevent succession)?
	What is the current occupation of such areas?
	□ Forest
	□ Scrubland
	□ Fallow
	□ Others
6.	Is there biodiversity monitoring (identification/quantification of species) on your farmland?
7.	Is there any information about endangered species on your farm? Species lists? Are there any threatened or characteristic species in the vineyards?
8.	Do you apply any species specific measures to promote them on your farm?
9.	Are there any concerns regarding invasive species? How do you deal with it?
10.	Are the vineyards included in or border with a nature reserve, conservation areas or other areas with high biodiversity?
	10.1. If so, can you please specify which kind (Natura2000, park, etc)
	10.2. Is the vicinity of those areas considered in the cultivation of the vineyards?
	10.3. Do you apply any biodiversity conservation measures in the vineyards, taking into account its particularities?
	10.4. If so, please give some examples



11. Do you see potential for improvement and for adding ecological structures?

## Part 4: Harvest, cellar and vinification

1.	How do you harvest the grapes? ☐ Mechanically ☐ Manually
2.	Do you pay attention to manufacture, origin and energy consumption when buying machines, equipment, pipes, tanks etc?
3.	Do you pay attention to the origin of wooden barrels (oak from the region, FSC, PEFC)?
4.	Do you consider certification of suppliers?
5.	What products are used for cleaning the cellar and how is this water managed?
6.	Which ingredients do you use for vinification (e.g. sugar, bentonite,)?
7.	Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?
	Part 5: Bottling/packaging
1.	Do you purchase used bottles or bottles made from recycled glass (brown or green glass)?
2.	What is the average weight of the bottles you fill? 1 litreg; 0,75 litreg; othersg
3.	Which closures do you use and in which percentages (cork, screw closures, twintop, plastic cork, other)?
4.	Do you apply additional plastic caps when using cork?
5.	Do your etiquettes, printed products and packaging cases originate from sustainable forestry (FSC/PEFC) or are they recycled?
6.	



7. Ideas/plans/potential for improvement?

## Part 6: Sales/logistics

1.	How and in what share i	at share is your wine marketed?		
	☐ Cooperative	☐ Retail	☐ Farm shop/direct r	narketing
2.	How is wine sold?	% barrel	led wine	% bottled wine
3.	Do you have an impact of	on what bottles a	re used (light, recycled	) when filling?
4.	Do you take bottles back	k? What percenta	ge?	
5. Transport: What major means of transport are used for delivering your products processor/client?				g your products to the
	National:			
	International:			
6.	If you/a person from you km	ır company is deli	vering wine what is the	e range?
7.	What products do you se	ell in your shop a	nd are certifications im	portant?
8.	Is there an approach for	CO <sub>2</sub> compensati	on?	



#### Part 7: Energy/water/waste management



## Power consumption

- 1. Do you monitor private and business electric energy consumption?
- 2. Is there any potential to reduce power consumption?
- 3. Do you produce and/or use renewable energies?
- 4. Do you use energy for irrigation? If yes, do you have any system to reduce energy consumption (e.g. power regulator)?



## Water consumption

1.	Do you monitor private and business water consumption?		
2.	. If so, please specify your water consumption		
	Total	m³	
	For irrigation/cultivation	m³	
	For processing	m³	
3.	How do you irrigate your vineyards?  ☐ Drip irrigation ☐ Watering ☐ Other		
4.	Do you have any decision-support tool for adjusting irrigation (tensiometric probes, dedicated studies, meteorological stations, etc.)?		
5.	How long does the irrigation tape last in the field? How do you manage the old irrigatio tape?		
6.	Do you check the irrigation system frequently to detect water spillage?		
7.	At what time of the day do you irrigate?		



9. Is water scarce in the area and/or are there any signs of level decrease of groundwater?

8. Do you use water from wells or surface water?

## **Wastewater treatment**

- 1. Is wastewater stored intermediately?
- 2. Is there effluent treatment beyond the legal requirements?
- 3. Do you have a special yeast treatment (in vine-villages)?
- 4. Is the winery connected to municipal wastewater treatment?
- 5. Do you analyse residual water on your winery?

## \*

## **Waste production**

- 1. How do you treat waste? (residual waste, organic waste, packaging, synthetic materials, paper, cardboard, cardboard packaging, glass, timber, mineral waste, metal, rubber, cork, special waste)
- 2. Do you perform any kind of separation, re-utilisation or recycling of your waste?



## Part 8: Surrounding of winery/farm/company premises

1.	Do clients experience your environmental and biodiversity activities at your winery?	
2.	Do you have on your winery:	
		Native deciduous trees and shrubs Cottage garden/garden with native flowering plants, herbs Fruit trees, berries Dry walls (including facades with raw natural stone) Unpaved yard areas with occurrence of wild herbs Nesting aid and water supply for birds, bats and wild bees Green roofs Others:
3.	Are there plans for construction?	
		yes, is the conservation of ecologically important habitats considered?  yes, are ecological norms considered?



## Part 9: Marketing/communication



- 1. Do you communicate your biodiversity actions? (e.g. notifications about biodiversity, etc.)
- 2. Do customers ask questions about biodiversity? Is biodiversity a keyword in marketing and communication of yours?
- 3. How do you communicate with customers, suppliers and stakeholders in terms of biodiversity?
- 4. Do you have best practice for your marketing? Which opportunities do you see?



#### Stakeholders

- 1. Do you cooperate and communicate with NGOs, investors, local or regional administrations or scientific institutions to work on biodiversity aspects on a local level?
- 2. Do you receive financial reward for biodiversity, e.g. re-cultivation projects? If yes, what kind of stakeholder is it? (NGOs, trade associations, municipality, etc.)?
- 3. Are you a member of an initiative dealing with biodiversity themes? If yes, in which and what is your part?



## Internal communication

- 1. Do you have a volunteer programme for your staff targeting biodiversity topics?
- 2. Do you have a policy for business transport and business trips to reduce emissions, energy consumption or other indirect impacts on biodiversity?
- 3. How is your staff introduced to biodiversity topics?



## **Additional information**





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